IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

ANDREW LAMON,)
Plaintiff,	
vs.) Case No. 3:13 CV 1129 NJR-RJD
HAROLD SCHULER, et al., Defendants.))) Consolidated with:
ANDREW LAMON, Plaintiff,)))
vs.) Case No. 3:14 CV 1051 NJR-RJD
DOUG STEPHENS, et al., Defendants.)))
	Consolidated with:
ANDREW LAMON, Plaintiff,))
VS.) Case No. 3:15 CV 945 NJR-RJD
LEON KERR, et al., Defendants.)))

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

DALY, Magistrate Judge:

Plaintiff Andrew Lamon is an inmate with the Illinois Department of Corrections. The consolidated cases consist of three lawsuits filed by Plaintiff pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, and, for each lawsuit, the Court granted him leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*. According to the complaints, Plaintiff claims that he was transferred from the Big Muddy River Correctional Center to the higher security Shawnee Correctional Center in retaliation for his participation in a lawsuit. (Docs. 30, 67.)

On February 29, 2016, Plaintiff moved for Rule 11 sanctions against defense counsel Assistant Attorney General Matthew Tamul because of alleged misrepresentations included in

Defendant Mark Lahr's answer. (Doc. 82.) On April 1, 2016, Defendants responded to the

motion for sanctions, asserting that Plaintiff's motion lacked any legal basis and that the answer

reflected, at most, a mere disagreement regarding the facts of the case. (Doc. 91.)

In reply, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Present Authority in which he reasserted his Rule 11

arguments but also disparaged the Court and defense counsel with several inappropriate and

patently offensive remarks. (Doc. 93.) On June 10, 2016, the Court ordered Plaintiff to show

cause as to why his in forma pauperis status should not be revoked as a result of filing the

Motion to Present Authority with the apparent purpose of harassing the Court and defense

counsel. (Doc. 107.) Plaintiff has refused to respond to the order to show cause.

The Court must dismiss an *in forma pauperis* action at any time if it determines that the

action is frivolous or malicious or evidences an intent to harass. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B)(i);

see Lindell v. McCallum, 352 F.3d 1107, 1109 (7th Cir. 2003) ("Malicious' in this context is

sometimes treated as a synonym for 'frivolous,' but we think [it] is more usefully construed as

intended to harass."). The undersigned concludes that the offensive language used by Plaintiff

demonstrates malice and intent to harass with regard to the consolidated cases.

RECOMMENDATION

Because of Plaintiff Andrew Lamon's use of offensive language directed at defense

counsel and the Court, it is recommended that the consolidated cases be dismissed as malicious

in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e). It is further recommended that Plaintiff Andrew

Lamon's in forma pauperis status be revoked and that he be ordered to pay the full filing fee for

these cases. If this recommendation is adopted in its entirety, the consolidated cases can be

closed. It is further recommended that, if this recommendation is adopted in its entirety,

dismissal will count as an additional strike under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

SO RECOMMENDED.

DATED: October 7, 2016.

Reona J. Daly

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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